

B. F. TAYLOR,  
Steward.  
Lighters and Steam Launches  
Supplied.  
ILOILO, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

ESTABLISHED 1881.

NEW SERIES No. 1802. 日七廿月二年七十二緒光

MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1901.

一拜禮 號五十月四英港香

THE UNITED ASBESTOS  
ORIENTAL AGENCY.  
Sole Agents for the  
UNITED ASBESTOS CO.,  
LIMITED, LONDON.  
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,  
General Managers.  
THIRTY DOLLARS  
PER ANNUM.

## Banks.

THE  
YOKOHAMA-SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.  
ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Yen 24,000,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... " 18,000,000  
CAPITAL UNCALLED ..... " 6,000,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... " 8,130,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies:  
TOKYO. KOBE.  
NAGASAKI. LONDON.  
LYONS. NEW YORK.  
SAN FRANCISCO. HONOLULU.  
BOMBAY. SHANGHAI.  
TIENSIN. NEWCHANG.

LONDON BANKERS:  
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.  
PARKS' BANK, LD.  
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, LD.  
HONGKONG BRANCH—INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.  
per Annum on the Daily Balance.  
On fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent.

TARO HODSUMI,  
Manager.

Hong Kong, 21st November, 1900. [11]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,  
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... £800,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE  
HOLDERS ..... £800,000  
RESERVE FUND ..... £245,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT  
ACCOUNT at the Rate of 2 per cent. per  
annum on the Daily Balances.  
On Fixed Deposits for 12 months... 4 per cent.

" " " 6 " " 3 " "  
" " " 8 " " 2 " "  
" " " 10 " " 1 " "  
T. P. COCHRANE,  
Manager.

Hong Kong, 16th October, 1900. [15]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,  
LIMITED.

Authorized Capital ..... £1,000,000

Paid up Capital ..... £343,374

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Board of Directors—  
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. C. Ewens, Esq.  
Chow Tung Shing, Esq. J. T. Lauts, Esq.  
Chief Manager,  
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed ..... 5 %  
Hong Kong, 20th December, 1899. [18]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI  
BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... \$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND—

Sterling Reserve ..... \$10,000,000

Silver Reserve ..... \$3,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$10,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

R. SHEWAN, Esq., Chairman.

The Hon. J. J. KESWICK, Deputy Chairman.

A. Haupp, Esq.

D. M. Moses, Esq. N. A. Siebs, Esq.

A. J. Raymond, Esq. H. W. Slade, Esq.

R. L. Richardson, Esq. H. E. Tomkins, Esq.

P. Sachse, Esq. Paul Witkowski, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hong Kong—SIR THOMAS JACKSON.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—H. M. BEVIS, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY

BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per Cent.

per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:

For 3 months, 2 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.

For 6 months, 3 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.

For 12 months, 4 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 9th April, 1901. [19]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted

by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be

obtained on application.

INTEREST ON deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 PER

CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option

balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND

SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED

DEPOSIT at 4 1/2 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION,

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 4th October, 1900. [10]

IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA.

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE

OF THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1896.

Shanghai Tael.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... 5,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... 2,500,000

Head Office—SHANGHAI.

Branches and Agencies:

CANTON. PEKING.

CHEFOO. PENANG.

CHUNKING. SINGAPORE.

CHUNKING. TIENSIN.

HANKOW.

THE Bank purchases and receives for collection

Bills of Exchange drawn on the above

places, and Sells Drafts and Telegraphic Trans-

fers Payable at its Branches and Agencies.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Advances made on approved securities.

Bills discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

3 1/2 per Annum Fixed Deposits for 3 months.

4 1/2 " " " 6 " " 12 " "

5 1/2 " " " 12 " " " "

E. W. RUTTER, Manager.

Hong Kong, 1st January, 1901. [14]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

\$5.00 70 Cask of 37 1/2 lbs. Net ex Factory.

\$8.00 70 Bag of 250 lbs.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.

Hong Kong, 12th December, 1900. [10]

## Mails.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM  
NAVIGATION COMPANY.

(:o:)

FOR STEAMERS CAPTAINS TO SAIL REMARKS

MARSEILLES } Candia ..... A. W. Symes, R.N.R. To A.M., 18th April. Freight only.

and LONDON } S'hai & Japan ..... W. Hayward, R.N.R. About 20th April ... Freight or Passage.

SHANGHAI ..... Ballarat ..... About 27th April ... Freight or Passage.

LONDON ..... Canton ..... C. F. Lockstone, R.N.R. About 18th May ... Freight or Passage.

### PASSENGER SEASON, 1901.

S.S. "SOBRAON" ..... 382 tons ..... April - 27th ..... { MARSEILLES and LONDON  
(Direct).  
WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT.

(See Special Advertisement).

For Further Particulars, apply to  
H. A. RITCHIE, Superintendent.  
Hong Kong, 15th April, 1901. [15]

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

(:o:)

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA,

ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG;

PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS;

Also

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON,

AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS;

Steamers will call at SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers and Luggage.

N.B.—Cargo can be taken on through Bills of Lading for the Principal Places in Russia.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

STEAMERS. SAILING DATES.

KONIG ALBERT ..... WEDNESDAY, 17th April.

PRINZESS IRENE ..... WEDNESDAY, 1st May.

PRINZ HEINRICH ..... WEDNESDAY, 15th May.

PREUSSEN ..... WEDNESDAY, 29th May.

HAMBURG, Hamburg-Amerika Linie ..... THURSDAY, 13th June.

SACHSEN ..... THURSDAY, 27th June.

KIAUTSCHOU, Hamburg-Amerika Linie ..... THURSDAY, 11th July.

BAVERN ..... THURSDAY, 25th July.

STUTTGART ..... THURSDAY, 8th August.

KONIG ALBERT ..... THURSDAY, 22nd August.

PRINZESS IRENE ..... THURSDAY, 5th September.

PRINZ HEINRICH ..... THURSDAY, 19th September.

PREUSSEN ..... WEDNESDAY, 2nd October.

HAMBURG, Hamburg-Amerika Linie ..... WEDNESDAY, 16th October.

SACHSEN ..... WEDNESDAY, 30th October.

KIAUTSCHOU, Hamburg-Amerika Linie ..... WEDNESDAY, 13th November.

BAVERN ..... WEDNESDAY, 27th November.

\* Calling at AMSTERDAM.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of April, 1901, at NOON, the Steamship "KONIG

ALBERT" of the NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, Captain O. Coppers, with MAILS,

PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, Calling at NAPLES and

GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, Cargo and

Specie will be received on Board until 5 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, and Parcels

will be received at the Agency's Office until NOON, on TUESDAY, the 16th instant.

Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than \$2.50

and Parcels should not exceed Two Feet Cubic in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Linen can be washed on board.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further Particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS. [22]

Hong Kong, 3rd April, 1901.

HONGKONG

HOTEL.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

Hong Kong, 15th November, 1900. [23]

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN,

PLUNKET'S GAP, the PEAK, near the TRAM TERMINUS, Tel. 56.

For Terms, &c., apply to the

MANAGER.

Hong Kong, 2nd July, 1900. [16]

F. O. S.

A VERY OLD MELLOW WHISKY

\$15 PER DOZEN.

CLUB

THE BEST SODA WHISKY ON THE

MARKET \$12 PER DOZEN.

H. PRICE & Co.,

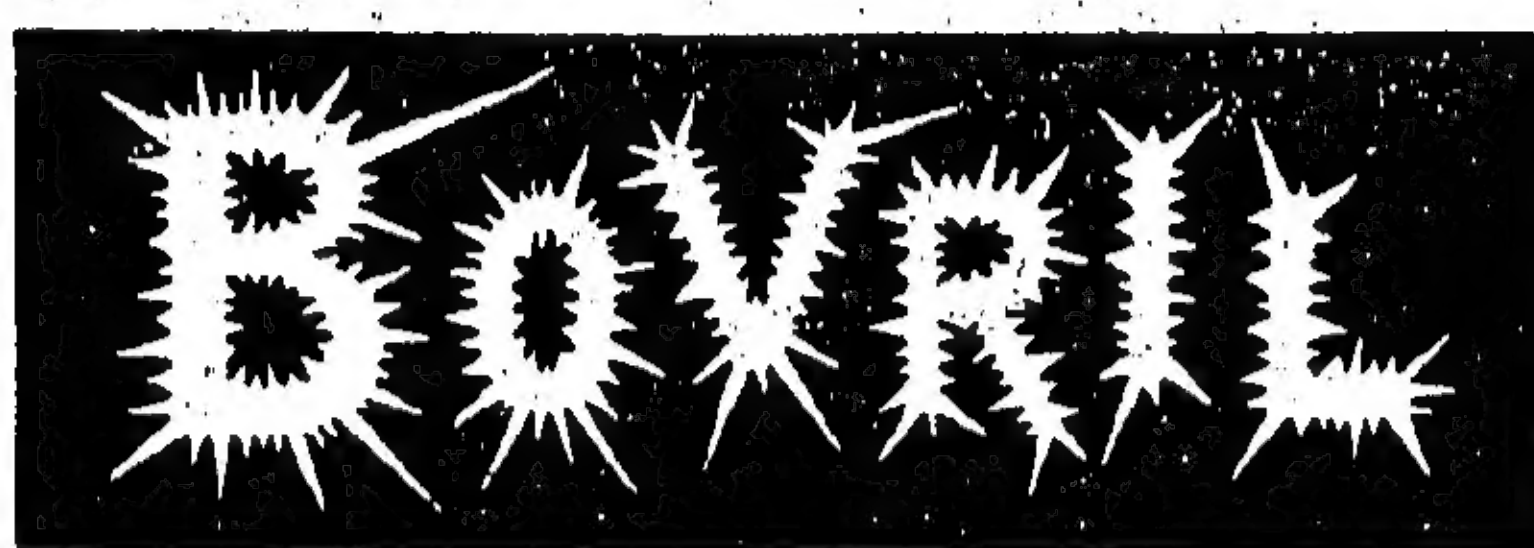
12, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hong Kong, 9th April, 1901. [20]

## Intimations.

BOVRIL PROMOTES HEALTH,  
STRENGTH AND ENERGY.

Bovril Promotes Energy and takes away  
that tired feeling which life in the East pro-  
duces. Unrivalled for Athletes and persons  
of either sex cultivating physical strength.  
To be obtained at all Stores, Chemists and  
Hotels throughout Hongkong, China and  
Japan. [287c]



UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL  
AGENCY, LIMITED.

SOLE AGENTS IN

HONGKONG, CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS,

FOR THE

UNITED ASBESTOS CO., LD., LONDON,

CONTRACTORS TO H.M. GOVERNMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Best Qualities of ASBESTOS GOODS and PACKINGS.

HYDRAULIC and SELF LUBRICATING PUMP PACKINGS, of all kinds.

"VICTOR" METALLIC BOILER JOINTS.

ASBESTOS SALAMANDER BOILER COVERING COMPOSITION of the best qualities.

ESTIMATES given for every DESCRIPTION of WORK.

CHIEF SUPERINTENDENT ..... THOMAS SKINNER.

SUPERINTENDENT ..... ARCHIBALD RITCHIE.

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, General Managers.

[17]

FAMOUS DEVONSHIRE LIQUEURS.

SLOE GIN. ORANGE GIN.

'PEDLAR' BRAND.

GIN.

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS VERY OLD GENEVA GIN.

(Great Speciality).

Acknowledged to be the finest GENEVA GIN produced.

In cases of 1 doz. Stone Cruchons.

NOLET'S GENEVA.

Equal to any square bottle GENEVA on sale in the Far East.

SOLE AGENTS:

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

15, Queen's Road,

Hong Kong, 15th April, 1901. [15]

PETER SYS' WONDERFUL SPECIFIC.

THE only remedy at present known as an INFALLIBLE and PERMANENT CURE for

SYPHILIS, DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, HEMORRHOGE and ULCERATION

of the BOWELS.

Recommended by some of the Chief Specialists of the Medical Profession.

Sold retail by all Chemists and Wholesale

by

THE PETER SYS COMPANY,

(Proprietors and Sole Manufacturers)

9, Old China Street,

Shanghai.

[21]

13th October, 1898.

THE GREAT EASTERN AND CALE-

DONIAN GOLD MINING CO.,

LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-

ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

of the above Company will be held at the

OFFICES of the General Agents, No. 14, Des

Vicux Road, Hong Kong, on THURSDAY, the

18th day of April, at NOON, when the SUB-

JOINED RESOLUTION, which was passed

at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the

Company held the 3rd day of April, 1901, will

be submitted for confirmation as a SPECIAL

RESOLUTION:—

"That the Company be wound up

"Voluntarily and that Max Bennecke, the

"Business Manager of the Company in

"New South Wales, be and he is hereby

"appointed Liquidator for the purposes of

"such winding up."

By Order of the Board of Directors,

LUTGENS, EINSTAMANN & CO.,

General Agents.

Hong Kong, 8th April, 1901. [402c]

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

WHEREAS the following UN-ISSUED

NOTES have been STOLEN from

the Premises of the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

and which said Notes are expressed on the face

thereof to be PAYABLE at the BRANCH

OFFICE of the said BANQUE in SAIGON, the

Numbers of which said Notes are as follows:—

Series V 49, 1 to 1,000 of \$1 (One Dollar)

each.

Series Z 49, 1 to 1,000 of \$1 (One Dollar)

each.

The Public are hereby CAUTIONED against

purchasing or dealing in any way with such

Notes, as the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE



Today's  
Advertisements.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

THE following Particulars and Conditions of Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction, to be held at the Office of the Public Works Department, on

MONDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1901, at 3 P.M., are published for general information.

By Command,  
T. SERCOMBE SMITH,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 6th April, 1901.

Particulars and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 22nd day of April, 1901, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, at Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years, with the option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Boundary Measurements	LOCALITY	Containing in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
1	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
2	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
3	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
4	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
5	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
6	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
7	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
8	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
9	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2
10	1/2	Pok-fu-lam Conduit Road	1/2	1/2	1/2

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA.

THE Company's Steamship

"LOONGSANG,"  
Captain Weigall, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 P.M.

This Steamer has Superior Accommodation for First class Passengers, is fitted throughout with Electric Light and carries a Doctor.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, LIMITED.

FOR TAMSUI VIA SWATOW & AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship

"MAIDZURU MARU,"  
Captain K. Sobajima, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

UNITED STATES AND CHINA-JAPAN STEAMSHIP LINE.

(HAMBURG AMERICA LINE—HAMBURG.)

FOR NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.

(With Liberty to call at MANILA.)

THE Full-powered Steamship

"ASTORIA,"  
Captain Ostermann, will be despatched as above on or about SATURDAY, the 4th May.

For Freight, apply to  
CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

(Calling at PORT DARWIN and QUEENSLAND PORTS, and taking through Cargo to ADELAIDE, NEW ZEALAND, TASMANIA, &c.)

THE Steamship

"GUTHRIE,"  
Captain McArthur, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 19th May, at 5 P.M.

This well-known Steamer is specially fitted for Passengers, and has a Refrigerating Chamber, which ensures the supply of Fresh Provisions, Ice, &c., throughout the voyage.

This Steamer is installed throughout with the Electric-light.

A Stewardess and a duly-qualified Surgeon are carried.

N.B.—Return Tickets issued by this Company to and from AUSTRALIA, are available for return by the Steamers of the CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY and vice versa.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

THE Steamship

"TRIESTE,"  
having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Office of the Undersigned before Noon, on the 20th instant, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 20th instant, will be subject to rent.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
SANDER, WIELER & CO.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "OLYMPIA,"  
FROM TACOMA, VICTORIA, YOKOHAMA, KOBE, MANILA, AND SHANGHAI.

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

DODWELL & Co., LIMITED,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

Today's  
Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"THALES,"  
Captain Robson, will be despatched for the above Ports, TO-MORROW, the 16th instant, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR HAIPHONG.

"HAILOONG,"  
Captain Bathurst, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-MORROW, the 16th instant, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

Intimations.

EYE-SIGHT.

Mr. N. LAZARUS,  
Oculist-Optician, of London and Calcutta,  
may be consulted for SPECTACLES  
at 16, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
(R. HUGHES & Co.)  
(Nearly opposite the HONGKONG HOTEL).  
Business hours:—9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

A GREAT proportion of cataracts and diseases affecting those advancing in life occur to those having some deficiency in the construction of the eyes—the many years of 'Eye Strain' ending in serious forms of disease. Glasses specially adapted in youth to those requiring them save and preserve the sight. Constantly recurring headaches, spells of dimness when reading, weak eyes, the letters running together; any of these symptoms indicate a deficiency in the form of the eye requiring Glasses only to correct and cure.

Mr. LAZARUS supplies his SPECTACLES only after testing the sight.

ADVICE FREE.

[1453b]

A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED.

WATSON'S HYGIENOL.

(Registered).

A POWERFUL DISINFECTANT, GERMICIDE, ANTISEPTIC AND DEODORISER.

RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

CHEAP, HARMLESS CONVENIENT AND EFFECTIVE.

This DISINFECTANT possesses all the good properties of Carbolic Acid, but is IMMENSELY SUPERIOR in being NON-POISONOUS—even in its concentrated form, thus avoiding risk of accident—and in the facility with which it mixes with COLD WATER in any proportion. In its diluted state it will not injure, stain, or corrode the person, metals, furniture, cotton, linen, or woollen fabrics.

will be found most efficacious for the prevention of contagious diseases of all kinds.

A. S. WATSON & CO. LIMITED,  
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1901.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Food Supply Commission.

In another column will be found the report of the Food Supply Commission at published in Saturday's *Gazette*. The members of the Commission state that their inquiries have failed to suggest any practical remedies of real value, but still we think that the suggestions made by them are well worth consideration by the Government and should be carried out.

With regard to the meat trade it is little less than a scandal that the whole supply is in the hands of two men supported by a syndicate, and so long as this state of affairs continues we do not think that it will be reasonable to hope for a reduction in the

price of this very necessary article of diet. Piracy has no doubt a great deal to do with the increased price of meat, for the fact that piracy is rampant in the districts from which cattle are drawn has been known for some time past. The pirates and brigands either demand large sums from the drovers and owners of the cattle to ensure a safe conduct through their districts, or they waylay the men on their return and rob them of the money received for their cattle. Even the silk trade has been seriously interfered with from the same cause, the Canton importers fearing to send the money for their purchases up country and the growers fearing to send their silk to Canton, owing to the very unsettled state of the country. Still, from a perusal of para 6 of the report, it is very evident that a great deal of rascality is practised by this meat syndicate, for we are told that the two men examined were manifestly prevaricating and concealing the truth during the whole course of their examination. It is a thousand pities that they were not promptly dealt with for willful perjury.

Rents have undoubtedly a great influence on the prices of all foodstuffs, and more especially upon those which are cheapest, for a rise in rent to a man who does but a small business in fresh vegetables means much more than a similar rise to the man who deals largely in something of a more expensive nature. The opening up of new building sites and the laying of tramways and the general improvement of the means of communication will do much to obviate this, but one must not forget that there is the opposition of those who are reaping a golden harvest from the present state of affairs to be first overcome. Then, too, we have a larger fleet and garrison to feed than we had a few years ago and we have to export a considerably larger amount of fresh food stuffs to Manila to supply the wants of the American troops. This sudden increase in demand has certainly had a great effect upon prices, for it is hardly reasonable to suppose that the productiveness of the surrounding country has as suddenly increased in like ratio. If we could but do away with our increased garrison and fleet matters would right themselves to a great extent, but that would be cutting our own throats with a vengeance.

We believe that the real root of the matter lies in the fact that the Colony is not self-supporting in the matter of fresh food stuffs. Until the acquisition of the New Territory, such a state of affairs was out of the question, but now that this large increase in our territory has been made there is ample room for us to grow all that we require. Of course the inhabitants of the New Territory cannot be expected to take the initiative without encouragement. For hundreds of years they have been content to grow their own rice and a few vegetables for their own consumption and it is hardly reasonable to suppose that they will at once depart from the old order of things. That they are ready to do so when encouraged is certain, for since the acquisition of the Hinterland, vegetables for the Hongkong market are being grown in several localities which hitherto only grew articles for home consumption.

Why does not the Government take the matter in hand and establish a few small market gardens and farms here and there throughout the New Territory? We would be inclined to go further than the suggestion of the Commission and have these experimental gardens and farms quite separate from the Police Department. A policeman is not necessarily a skilled horticulturalist, and we fear that if the Police Stations were made the centres from which advice and a certain amount of control were to be exercised over producers the suspicion of the natives would be aroused and would tend to render the scheme less successful than might otherwise be the case. Why not have a special man appointed for the work under the Botanical Department and let him have a free hand in the distribution of seeds etc., throughout the New Territory? Let any experimental gardens and farms started be under his control, and we fancy the affair would prove a success.

The suggestion made by the Commission about the encouragement of cattle breeding is good. There are thousands of acres waiting to be stocked, just across the hills at the back of Kowloon City, and once the villagers found that they were assisted to obtain cattle and were encouraged to bring them to market here and so make a good profit, we believe that they would readily take up the matter.

But before anything of the sort can be done we require good communication. Let the Government establish a good ferry service between different points in the New Territory and Hongkong. It will probably involve a loss at first, but so soon as the villagers have learnt to appreciate the fact that the ferry offers a cheap and ready means by which their produce may be brought to market they will rise to the occasion and within a very short time the ferry service would be a self-supporting concern. If we want cheap fresh food stuffs we must take steps to render ourselves independent of outside contributions and this cannot be done unless the matter is seriously taken in hand.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, April 12th.

No further news has been received regarding Commandant Botha's renewed negotiations for peace. It is understood that telegrams in connection therewith are being censored.

THE WHITE FLAG.

An Army Order, issued from the War Office, directs that any officer or soldier raising the white flag in the presence of the enemy, shall be court-martialed.

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

BETHUNE SUCCESSFUL.

Bethune's mounted force, after two hours' hard fighting near Dersdorp, captured

price of this very necessary article of diet. Piracy has no doubt a great deal to do with the increased price of meat, for the fact that piracy is rampant in the districts from which cattle are drawn has been known for some time past. The pirates and brigands either demand large sums from the drovers and owners of the cattle to ensure a safe conduct through their districts, or they waylay the men on their return and rob them of the money received for their cattle. Even the silk trade has been seriously interfered with from the same cause, the Canton importers fearing to send the money for their purchases up country and the growers fearing to send their silk to Canton, owing to the very unsettled state of the country. Still, from a perusal of para 6 of the report, it is very evident that a great deal of rascality is practised by this meat syndicate, for we are told that the two men examined were manifestly prevaricating and concealing the truth during the whole course of their examination. It is a thousand pities that they were not promptly dealt with for willful perjury.

Rents have undoubtedly a great influence on the prices of all foodstuffs, and more especially upon those which are cheapest, for a rise in rent to a man who does but a small business in fresh vegetables means much more than a similar rise to the man who deals largely in something of a more expensive nature. The opening up of new building sites and the laying of tramways and the general improvement of the means of communication will do much to obviate this, but one must not forget that there is the opposition of those who are reaping a golden harvest from the present state of affairs to be first overcome. Then, too, we have a larger fleet and garrison to feed than we had a few years ago and we have to export a considerably larger amount of fresh food stuffs to Manila to supply the wants of the American troops. This sudden increase in demand has certainly had a great effect upon prices, for it is hardly reasonable to suppose that the productiveness of the surrounding country has as suddenly increased in like ratio. If we could but do away with our increased garrison and fleet matters would right themselves to a great extent, but that would be cutting our own throats with a vengeance.

We believe that the real root of the matter lies in the fact that the Colony is not self-supporting in the matter of fresh food stuffs. Until the acquisition of the New Territory, such a state of affairs was out of the question, but now that this large increase in our territory has been made there is ample room for us to grow all that we require. Of course the inhabitants of the New Territory cannot be expected to take the initiative without encouragement. For hundreds of years they have been content to grow their own rice and a few vegetables for their own consumption and it is hardly reasonable to suppose that they will at once depart from the old order of things. That they are ready to do so when encouraged is certain, for since the acquisition of the Hinterland, vegetables for the Hongkong market are being grown in several localities which hitherto only grew articles for home consumption.

Why does not the Government take the matter in hand and establish a few small market gardens and farms here and there throughout the New Territory? We would be inclined to go further than the suggestion of the Commission and have these experimental gardens and farms quite separate from the Police Department. A policeman is not necessarily a skilled horticulturalist, and we fear that if the Police Stations were made the centres from which advice and a certain amount of control were to be exercised over producers the suspicion of the natives would be aroused and would tend to render the scheme less successful than might otherwise be the case. Why not have a special man appointed for the work under the Botanical Department and let him have a free hand in the distribution of seeds etc., throughout the New Territory? Let any experimental gardens and farms started be under his control, and we fancy the affair would prove a success.

The suggestion made by the Commission about the encouragement of cattle breeding is good. There are thousands of acres waiting to be stocked, just across the hills at the back of Kowloon City, and once the villagers found that they were assisted to obtain cattle and were encouraged to bring them to market here and so make a good profit, we believe that they would readily take up the matter.

But before anything of the sort can be done we require good communication. Let the Government establish a good ferry service between different points in the New Territory and Hongkong. It will probably involve a loss at first, but so soon as the villagers have learnt to appreciate the fact that the ferry offers a cheap and ready means by which their produce may be brought to market they will rise to the occasion and within a very short time the ferry service would be a self-supporting concern. If we want cheap fresh food stuffs we must take steps to render ourselves independent of outside contributions and this cannot be done unless the matter is seriously taken in hand.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, April 12th.

No further news has been received regarding Commandant Botha's renewed negotiations for peace. It is understood that telegrams in connection therewith are being censored.

THE WHITE FLAG.

An Army Order, issued from the War Office, directs that any officer or soldier raising the white flag in the presence of the enemy, shall be court-martialed.

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

BETHUNE SUCCESSFUL.

Bethune's mounted force, after two hours' hard fighting near Dersdorp, captured

eighty prisoners, including the Boer commandant and an Artillery officer, also eight waggon.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

THE "OPHIR" ARRIVES AT COLOMBO.

The Ophir has arrived at Colombo.

THE TRANSVAAL.

CIVIL ADMINISTRATION PROCLAIMED.

Civil administration was proclaimed in the Transvaal on the 10th instant.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Observatory report says:—

On the 14th at 12.5 p.m. the barometer has fallen generally, except over the N.E. coast of China. The depression has probably reached the neighbourhood of W. Japan. Gradients slight with variable winds on the China coast, and in the N. part of the China Sea. Forecast:—Varying winds, light; fair, but fog or mist at night.

On the 15th at 11.50 a.m. the barometer is rising on the China coast, falling over the Sea of Japan. The depression probably still lies near W. Japan. Gradients slight with variable winds on the China coast, and in the N. part of the China Sea. Forecast:—Varying winds, light or moderate; unsettled, probably some rain.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE Singapore Race Meeting takes place on the 21st, 23rd and 25th of May next.

THE U.S.S. *Isla de Luzon* and the U.S.S. *Yorktown*, now in dock will probably leave for the Philippines in a few weeks.

H.M.S. *Goliath* and H.M.S. *Handy* left today for Shanghai. It is expected that H.M.S. *Ocean* will leave for the same port about the 19th inst.

THE appointment of Second Lieutenant Arthur Blake, 1st East Yorkshire Regiment, to be A.D.C. to H.E. the Governor is notified in the *Gazette*.

A MEETING took place today at 4 p.m. for the qualified ratepayers to elect members to the Sanitary Board. A report of the proceedings will appear to-morrow.

A EUROPEAN or Eurasian matron for the Federal Home for Chinese Women and Girls, at Kuala Lumpur, Selangor, is required, vide advertisement appearing elsewhere.

WITH regard to the lecture to be delivered by Mr. Michie, to-morrow evening, as announced in our advertising columns, we are requested to state that the lecturer will deal with "The Political Obstacles to Missionary Success in China."

THE Mother Superior of the Italian Convent desires to acknowledge with thanks the following sums received for the extension of the Convent:—

Nicolas Post, Esq., £300  
C. Klingemann, Esq. (from Japan) 25

THE Morning Leader says that the Coronation of King Edward VII and his Queen Consort, has been definitely fixed for the early part of May, 1902. Queen Victoria was crowned almost exactly a year after the death of William IV., but in that case the expiration of the period of mourning came in the summer.

We shall be obliged if any subscriber on receiving his paper late or irregularly will write on the Wrapper of the paper the Time of delivery, etc., and forward the Wrapper to the Manager, *Hongkong Telegraph* Co., Ltd., 50 Queen's Road Central. The wrapper will enable us to check the delivery coolies.

THE returns of the number of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ended 14th April are:—

	Library.	Museum.
Non-Chinese	593	140
Chinese	83	1,614
Totals	386	1,754

We learn that, as the lease of McGregor Barracks will shortly expire, the Asiatic Artillery are to be shifted to Kowloon and accommodated there under canvas. New barracks are very badly wanted in the Colony and, if our garrison is to be maintained at its present strength, the sooner the Authorities commence building operations the better.

THE *Kobe Herald* of the 1st inst. points out it is a mistake to think that Japan is incapable of going to war owing to her financial embarrassment. The Japanese Government holds reserves in the shape of actual cash and securities easily realisable, amounting to about 150,000,000 yen; it has enormous stores of grain, and a very large supply of munitions of war.

THE large matchbox erected by the Ferry Co. on Pedder's Wharf is a vast improvement upon the old and very inadequate shelter of former times, converting as it does the whole of the wharf. We are rather dubious, however, as to the strength of the structure and shall not be surprised to see the whole affair taking flight into the harbour with the advent of the first gale.

THE Imperial Savings Bank was surprised the other day by receiving an application to deposit a few thousand yen for fifty years, says the *Nagasaki Press*. It was actually accompanied by cash. The Bank directors suspecting they would be customer to be a crank, caused investigations to be made; but nothing confirming that suspicion was discovered. Meanwhile the applicant further prolonged the term to 10,000 years! The management finally agreed to take the deposit, on the understanding that neither the principal nor interest is to be withdrawn during the stipulated period.

price of this very necessary article of diet. Piracy has no doubt a great deal to do with the increased price of meat, for the fact that piracy is rampant in the districts from which cattle are drawn has been known for some time past. The pirates and brigands either demand large sums from the drovers and owners of the cattle to ensure a safe conduct through their districts, or they waylay the men on their return and rob them of the money received for their cattle. Even the silk trade has been seriously interfered with from the same cause, the Canton importers fearing to send the money for their purchases up country and the growers fearing to send their silk to Canton, owing to the very unsettled state of the country. Still, from a perusal of para 6 of the report, it is very evident that a great deal of rascality is practised by this meat syndicate, for we are told that the two men examined were manifestly prevaricating and concealing the truth during the whole course of their examination. It is a thousand pities that they were not promptly dealt with for willful perjury.

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Yours truly,  
EDWARD OSBORN,  
A. M. MARSHALL,  
F. M. MANTON,  
FUNG WA CHUN,  
WILLIAM HARTIGAN,  
J. J. Francis, Esq., Q.C., Chairman, Food  
Commission.

THE CHAIRMAN TO THE COLONIAL  
SECRETARY.

Hongkong, 20th December, 1900.  
Sir,—I have, within the last hour, received from Messrs. Osborne, Marshall, Manton, Fung Wah Chun and Hartigan, Members of the Food Supply Commission of which I have the honour to be Chairman, a copy of a report signed by them and sent to you with a covering letter dated the 18th instant, of which they also sent me a copy. I received from them at the same time a joint letter addressed to myself, of which it appears they have also sent you a copy.

I have no objection to make to the report they have sent to you on the subject-matter of the inquiry. It embodies in brief the conclusions at which we unanimously arrived. I should have had very much pleasure in signing it if they had asked me to do so.

I only wish to correct one trifling mistake in the last paragraph which runs as follows:—“(12) We desire to state, in conclusion, that the delay in the publication of the Food Commission Report has been due to the Chairman of the Commission being unable to afford time for the prosecution of the enquiry and the preparation of the Report.”

There was no delay in the prosecution of the inquiry. The members were unable to sit for more than two days in the week for a couple of hours each day and the taking of evidence was proceeded with with all due diligence and was completed in July last. The delay has been in the preparation of the report, and I regret to say that my time was so fully occupied with my own business that I could not get it completed in time to satisfy the impatience of my colleagues. I am unable myself to see that there was any very great urgency. I was preparing a very full and detailed report, two-thirds of which had been completed and approved by Mr. Marshall, to whom I sent it a short time ago, with a request that he would, as I was so full of work, finish it for me, he being fully acquainted with my views and concurring in them.

Instead of doing so, a meeting of the other members of the Commission was held, to which I was not summoned, and the report prepared which has been sent to you.

I probably ought not to have accepted the appointment as a Member or Chairman of the Commission knowing how fully occupied I am in my profession at all times. I have put the Government to an inconvenience by so doing. I apologise to the Government and to the public.

I have the honour to be, Sir,  
Your most obedient servant,  
J. J. FRANCIS,  
The Honourable The Colonial Secretary, &c., &c.

THE CHAIRMAN TO THE COLONIAL  
SECRETARY.

Hongkong, 27th December, 1900.  
Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 20th inst., I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to send you the enclosed report of the Members of the Food Commission and to request that, in accordance with the terms of the Commission issued to you, all the evidence taken before the Commission may be forwarded to me by you as its Chairman.

I have the honour to be, Sir,  
Your most obedient servant,  
J. H. STEWART LOCKHART,  
Colonial Secretary.

J. J. Francis, Esq., Q.C.

THE CHAIRMAN TO THE COLONIAL  
SECRETARY.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1901.  
Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 339 of the 27th December last, forwarding me a copy of report of Members of the Food Commission and requesting me to forward all the evidence taken by the Commission.

I have to hand you herewith all the papers and correspondence connected with the proceedings of the Food Supply Commission.

1. The Commission.  
2. Correspondence.  
3. Minutes of Meetings.  
4. Draft Report as prepared by me, but not completed.

I have also to hand you Mr. Jabez Potts' memo. of fees due him for his services as shorthand writer to the Commission. Will you be so good as to let him have a cheque for the amount \$20.00.

I have the honour to be, Sir,  
Your most obedient humble servant,  
J. J. FRANCIS,  
The Honourable The Colonial Secretary, &c., &c.

THE CHAIRMAN TO THE COLONIAL  
SECRETARY.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1901.  
Sir,—I have the honour to state, for the information of His Excellency the Governor, in reply to your letter No. 50 of the 9th January, that it is impossible for me to supply a verbatim record of question and answer given in evidence before the Food Supply Commission as that method of taking evidence was not adopted by the Commission.

The evidence taken was recorded in the usual fashion in which it is taken by all Judges and Magistrates, and in legal proceedings generally, and no special instructions were given, or are contained in the Commission requiring the evidence to be taken down by question and answer.

All the evidence taken has been forwarded to you.

I have the honour to be, Sir,  
Your most obedient servant,  
J. J. FRANCIS,  
The Honourable The Colonial Secretary, &c., &c.

FIRE IN HONGKONG.

The Report of the Superintendent of the Fire Brigade for 1900 is published in the *Gazette*, from which we call the following:—  
There were fifty-one fires and seventy-four incipient fires during the year, the Brigade turning out sixty-one times.

On 1st January, 1900, the Nam Pak Hong Fire Brigade was re-organized and placed under the immediate supervision of the officers of the Government Fire Brigade. They now maintain, at their own cost, six trained firemen and two of the Government fire reside in the Station House to be ready to turn out immediately on an alarm being given.

A prosecution for arson is proceeding in the case of the fire at No. 235 Queen's Road West on 20th December last, which resulted in the destruction of two buildings and the partial destruction of another, the damage being estimated at \$30,000.

The Brigade possesses five steam fire-engines by Shand and Mason, which have seen three, fourteen, nineteen, twenty-one and twenty-three years service respectively and as the engines are all in good serviceable condition it speaks well for the makers.

The following list shows the number of fires for the last ten years with the estimated amount of damage done:—

Year.	No. of Fires.	Damage.
1890	16	\$203,600.00
1891	8	32,100.00
1892	10	75,550.00
1893	16	208,210.00
1894	29	325,650.00
1895	35	197,980.00
1896	30	105,935.00
1897	26	177,150.00
1898	16	34,001.74
1899	31	82,814.00
1900	51	130,597.73

The estimated damage done by the seventy-four incipient fires during 1900 amounted to \$729.10.

AT THE MAGISTRACY.

A LICENCE COSTS LESS.  
On Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. Marr, restaurant keepers, 17 Queen's Road, appeared before Mr. Kemp for keeping a restaurant without a licence. Mr. Kemp defended. The arrests were made by a party of police under Sergeant Garrod and Inspector Collett. The defendants were fined \$50 each.

A \$3 FINE.  
An overseer of the Public Works Department was fined \$3 and bound over in a personal security of \$25 to keep the peace for three months, for hitting a Chinaman.

OPHUM CASES.  
U Tsung was fined \$14 for having in his possession seven mace of prepared opium without a valid certificate.

Lam Hing Po had in his possession one tael and five mace of prepared opium and was given one month's hard labour by Mr. Hazeland.

Cheung Fuk was fined \$3 for being the possessor of two and a half mace of prepared opium without a valid certificate, and appeared later on the charge of having three taels and a half of raw opium, for which he was given one month's hard labour.

A seaman, Chan Sing, had four mace of prepared opium in his possession and Mr. Hazeland gave him fourteen days.

Yung Tong was given one month for possessing ten taels of opium dress without a certificate.

TOO PUGNACIOUS!  
Reginald Swathorpe, a steward on board the S.S. *Coromandel*, got eighteen days, for assaulting a Chinese harbor and damaging property at Kowloon and also for striking the Chinese policeman who arrested him.

THE EVERLASTING DRUNK!  
INCAPABLE.  
William James Hobbs, engineer on the S.S. *Chelydra*, was fined \$3 for being drunk and incapable on Bank Wharf.

Edward Revier of U. S. S. *Isle de Luzon* was fined \$2 for being drunk and incapable, and Jerry Lyons of the U. S. S. *Yorktown* was fined \$2 for the same offence.

A Ceylon cook, Joseph Michaels, was drunk and incapable in Queen's Road Central and was given eight days.

DISORDERLY.  
An American seaman, George Tren, for behaving in a disorderly manner in West Street, was sentenced by Mr. Hazeland to fourteen days, and James Lavin, a marine on the U. S. S. *Newark* was charged with the same offence at the Kowloon Ferry Wharf and was fined \$3.

MORE OBLIGING CHINAMEN!  
Lo Chung and Wong Chung, two boatmen, were charged with having in their possession six baskets of coal value \$3. When questioned they said they were carrying it for somebody else, whom they could not identify, and were taking it to a launch. Mr. Hazeland fined them \$10 each.

THEFT.  
Only looking at the time.  
Wong Sun, when arrested for stealing a watch at Quarry Bay, said he was only looking at the time. The privilege cost him fourteen days.

IGNORANCE IS BLISS.  
Chan Loi was given three weeks for stealing fourteen pounds of sugar from the China Sugar Refinery. He was carrying it covered over with rice in a basket.

The prisoner said he was given the basket and thought it contained rice.

A QUEER GARMENT!  
Leung King Lun appeared before Mr. Hazeland for stealing three pieces of canvas and two pieces of twine, the property of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co. He was seen going out of the gate with the stolen property round his waist. He was sentenced to 14 days' hard labour.

ANOTHER GAMBLING RAID!  
Inspector Hanson made a successful raid on a gaming house at No. 168 Hollywood Road, Cha. Shui and Tan Lok, the proprietors, were sentenced to a fine of \$15 and six weeks' hard labour each.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

We have received the following circular from the above company:—

Tokyo, 1st April, 1901.  
Dear Sirs,—To those exporters from China, Hongkong and Japan to Europe, or to other ports via Europe, who from the 1st May to 31st October next, may have found it to their interest to confine their support and shipments during that period, to the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Line, we shall be happy to allow a rebate of five per cent. on the freight paid on Tea and General Cargo.

To those who on the 30th April, 1902, have found it to their interest to confine their support and shipments during the whole twelve months to the said Line, we will allow a further five per cent. on freight contributed up to 31st October, 1901, and five per cent. on those from that date to 30th April, 1902.

To those who, on the 31st October, 1902, may have found it to their interest to confine their support and shipments during the previous eighteen months to the said Line, we will allow an additional five per cent. on freight contributed during the six months ending 30th April, 1902.

Until further notice, shipments made by the "P. & O. S. N. Co.," "Ocean S. S. Co.," "M. M.," "N. D. Lloyd's," "Austrian Lloyd's," "Rubattino," "Glen," "Shire," "Ben," "Mutual," "Shell," and "Hamburg-American," Lines, and shipments by direct steamers to Black Sea ports, will not invalidate claims for the above.

No "returns" will be payable on freight contributed by Rice and Oils from Japan, Silk and Treasure, and the produce of the Eastern Archipelago transhipped at Hongkong.

Exports applying for the "returns," which will be payable in London on and after the 1st January and 1st July, 1902, and 1st January, 1903, respectively, must fill up and sign forms which can be obtained from the agents.

Yours truly,  
Nippon Yusen Kaisha,  
R. KONDO,  
Managing Director.

NOTES FROM NATIVE PAPERS.

SHANGHAI, April 10th.  
"ROUSING A SENSE OF SHAME IN MEN" is the title of the *Shen Pau's* leader. Every body says China is weak and poor but the general answer to the question how to change this is unsatisfactory. It is said that China should drill her troops and introduce machinery so that there might be internal peace and freedom from foreign oppression, build railways and open mines. Or more important still, she should establish schools everywhere for the nurture of able men. The writer thinks that this does not touch the root of the trouble.

These things, though not as universally tried as they should be, have yet been tried, and yet China is troubled within and without, proving that drilling and machinery are not to be relied on to cure a nation's ills. Nor have the hundred and odd schools established by the officials produced men of ability. So that even education fails to save China. Why? "Because men have not a proper sense of shame," say the officials.

Though there are a few virtuous ones, yet the majority are corrupt and utterly selfish and without shame. If we can find out what is anything different? Again look at our soldiers, drilled and fed for years, yet when there is war they do not stop to receive the onset of the foe, but turn tail and run, so that it is said that all their wounds are in their backs. Are they not utterly devoid of a sense of shame at their disgraceful defeats. Nor are the scholars, the real leaders of the people, a whit better. Their decay is as sure and rapid as the stream of a great river, always going downwards. They are lazy in their studies, intent on reputation and gain, not on real knowledge. They are surely without a sense of shame. Confucius said: "If the people are led by laws and uniformly be sought to be given them by punishment, they will try to avoid the punishment, but have no sense of shame. If they be led by virtue and uniformity be sought to be given them by the rule of propriety, they will have the sense of shame and moreover will become good." Mencius said: "A man naturally possess a sense of shame." Unfortunately there is wanting the stimulus to shame, and people to exhort the people, so that they may have this sense of shame. Our only hope is that there are these in-office who will perform this duty. The foregoing article is a noteworthy confession on the part of a conservative Chinese. The sense of shame, which he acknowledges as lacking in the Chinese high and low, is simply due to the deadness of conscience. But how it is to be aroused the writer does not tell, except by the forcible appeal to that very class, which he says earlier in his article does not itself possess the missing feeling!

A MAN WHO KNOWS THIS FEELING of shame, strangely enough, writes in the same day's *Su Pau* under the above heading from Peking as follows: "Ever since the Boxer trouble began, the powers look upon us with more contempt than ever as wild barbarians. In Peking and Tientsin the allies treat Chinese like dogs, horses, earth-worms and ants, worse than African negroes or Hindoos. But I lately heard that Sir Robert Hart has said to a certain Minister that the Chinese are very intelligent and more patient than the people of any other continent. In 20 years time they will overrun the earth, said Sir Robert. This language has also been used by Bismarck and Lord Chas. Beresford. But to the present times the Chinese are stupid and weak, so that these words are merely flattery or ridicule. Would that China's four hundred millions might hear these words and feel the flattery or shame their ridicule and be justly without the feeling of shame."

Liu Kun-yin in the *Edict* of another column cashiers a man for this shamelessness.

THE "UNIVERSAL GAZETTE" IS ANGRY with foreign nations and claims their attitude on the Russian question is not friendly to China. It fears that though the signing of the treaty has been postponed it will be signed sooner or later, the evil day cannot be postponed very long. Jiang Lu's leg is not going to do as an excuse for forever postponing the signing. The writer uses a capital illustration. The bird called the oystercatcher sees an oyster on the shore, puts his bill into it and the oyster closes, so he is caused to walk away comes along and seeing both of them in a difficulty at once swoops down and sweeps them both into his basket. So while the nations disagree, Russia will be sure to be the gainer.

THE PROGRAMME OF REFORM is fore-shadowed in the *Universal Gazette*. The Southern Viceroys, it hears, have agreed in general that foreign plans must be selected in order to supplement Chinese plans. The details are given under nine headings: 1. Princes and lofty officials must travel. 2. There must be travelling schools in every foreign country. 3. The examinations for M. A. must be changed. 4. More schools must be established. 5. Foreign military drill used. 6. Special officials must have long terms of office. 7. Police on foreign model. 8. The

tension of post offices. 9.—Use of silver dollars. Besides these, there are many things relating to patents, revenue on printed books, etc.

THEY ARE STILL AFTER THEM.

The *Sin Wen Pau* received a telegram from Peking stating that ten Powers, including America, but not including Russia have handed in a supplementary list of offenders. Tai Hsu, a Chihli district magistrate; Pao Taitai, Tai tai; Chou Chih-te, Captain, concerned in the Chuchow massacre are to be decapitated. Liu Shutang, ex-Governor of Chekiang; the Provincial Judge, Hunan; ex-Governor Yu Liensan to be imprisoned and executed. Governor of Kiangsi Sung Shon, Lungwen Taotai, are to be banished forever. Lieutenant Governor of Moukden, to be cashiered. A total of twenty-five persons. The Plenipotentiaries add that until these men are punished the troops will not be withdrawn, nor will the indemnities be discussed. Besides these twenty-five, there is an additional list of one hundred and forty-one men not yet handed in. It is presumed that these are minor offenders.

—Mercury.

NOTANDA.

CALENDAR.

APRIL.  
Meteorological means based on ten years' observations to 1899.  
Barometer.....30.059  
Thermometer.....62.0  
Humidity.....85.0  
Rainfall.....4.08

TO-DAY.

WEATHER REPORT.  
On date at On date at  
10 a.m. 4 p.m.  
Barometer.....29.96 29.86  
Temperature.....75 78  
Humidity.....87 76  
Rainfall.....0.01 —

TO-DAY.

Monday, 15th April, 1901.

Chinese—27th of 2nd moon of 27th year of Kwang-shi.

Sun—Rises.....5hr. 49min.  
Sets.....6hr. 13min.  
High water—Morning.....6hr. 30min.  
Afternoon.....5hr. 55min.  
Low water—Morning.....6hr. 49min.  
Afternoon.....6hr. 0min.

ANNIVERSARIES.

1552—St. Francis Xavier left Goa for China.  
1888—Tanchow Co.'s smelting works at Tai-yu-shan first opened.  
1895—Peace arranged between Japan and China.  
1898—The lease of Kwang Chau-wan to France confirmed.

TO-MORROW.

Tuesday, 16th April, 1901.

Chinese—28th of 2nd moon of 27th year of Kwang-shi.

Sun—Rises.....5hr. 49min.  
Sets.....6hr. 13min.  
Moon—in Equator 3hr. a.m.  
High water—Morning.....7hr. 0min.  
Afternoon.....7hr. 3min.  
Low water—Morning.....6hr. 55min.  
Afternoon.....6hr. 0min.

ANNIVERSARIES.

1746—Battle of Culloden.  
1843—The Viceroys Ki-Kung wrote to Sir H. Pottinger admitting that the two countries were now united in friendship.  
1872—Sir Arthur Kennedy arrived in Hongkong.  
1875—Cape Diagonal light first exhibited.  
1884—S.S. *Hongkong* sunk by H.M.S. *Lapwing* near Ockley.  
1897—Departure for home of Dr. Eitel.  
1898—U.S. Senate recognize the Republic of Cuba.  
1899—Disturbance in the Hinterland. British flag hoisted by General Gascoigne.

AGENDA.

TO-DAY.  
8 p.m.—Second Performance of the R. E. Variety Club at the Wellington Barracks.

TO-MORROW.

9 p.m.—Opening Performance of the Brough Comedy Co. at the Theatre Royal. Cargo ex *Indra Maru* subject to rent.

WEDNESDAY, 17th.

Noon—N. D. L. Co.'s steamer *König Albert* leaves for Southampton.

SHIPPING AND MAIL NEWS.

MAILS DUE.

Canadian (*Empress of India*) to-morrow.  
German (*Prinz Heinrich*) to-morrow.  
German (*König Albert*) to-morrow.  
English (*Sobran*) 20th instant.  
Indian (*Lightning*) 20th instant.  
American (*City of Peking*) 21st instant.  
French (*Indus*) 22nd instant.  
American (*Catlin*) 26th instant.  
American (*Hongkong Maru*) 7th prox.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Ceylon*, left Singapore for this port on the 13th inst., at 5 p.m.

The P. & O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Socotra*, left Singapore for this port yesterday, the 14th inst., at 6 a.m.

The D. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Lightning* from Calcutta left Singapore for this port on the afternoon of the 13th inst.

The O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Calchas* left Singapore at noon yesterday, the 14th inst., and is due in Hongkong on Friday, the 19th inst.

The Shire Line steamer *Denbighshire* from Middlesbrough and London left Manila on the 13th inst., and is due here to-morrow morning.

The M. M. Co.'s steamer *Indus*, with the next outward French Mail, left Singapore this morning at 5 a.m., the 15th inst., for this port via Saigon.

The N. Y. K.'s steamer *Kasuga Maru* (American Line) left Manila for this port yesterday, the 14th inst., and is due to arrive here on Tuesday, the 16th inst.

The Imperial German Mail steamer *König Albert* left Shanghai on Saturday at 3 p.m., and may be expected here on about 10th.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Peking*, with Mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 23rd March via Honolulu, has arrived at Yokohama and left for this port this morning, the 13th inst., via Inland Sea, Kobe, Nagasaki and Shanghai.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK RETURNS.

U.S.S. <i>Isle de Luzon</i>	at Kowloon Dock.
U.S.S. <i>Bennington</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Yorktown</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Argus</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Stratford</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Kuyavian</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Ping Su</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Compania de Filipina</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Shantung</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Hanoi</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Lung Tsing</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Hanchow</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Concord</i>	at Cosmopolitan
U.S.S. <i>Colonia</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Perla</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Pettana</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Petarac</i>	"
U.S.S. <i>Luzon</i>	at Aberdeen

SHIPPING.

Arrivals.

COROMANDEL, British steamer, 2,783, F. W. Vibert, R.N.R., 13th April—Bombay 27th Mar., and Singapore 8th April, Mails and General—P. & O. S. N. Co.

HAILONG, British steamer, 783, H. Badhurst, 14th April—Haiphong and Hoihow 13th April, General—Douglas, Lapraik & Co.

 PRONTO, German steamer, 632, H. Grandt, 14th April—Hoihow 9th April, General—Siemssen & Co. || TANTALUS, British steamer, 2,281, T. M. Gregory, 14th April—Shanghai 11th April, General—Butterfield & Swire. |
| MARIE JENSEN, German steamer, 1,771, P. Hemmer, 14th April—Saigon 9th April, Rice—Jensen & Co. |
| HAINAN, German steamer, 850, Clausen, 14th April—Canton 14th April, General—E. A. Trading Co. |
| THIBET, Austrian steamer, 3,203, A. Mitis, 14th April—Kobe 9th April, General—Santar, Weller & Co. |
| DIAMANTE, British steamer, 1,254, A. Ramsay, 14th April—Manila 11th April, General—Sheehan, Tomes & Co. |
| BURNSIDE, American steamer, 1,400, A. H. Laffin, 14th April—Manila 11th April, Cable—Government. |
| THALES, British steamer, 829, A. J. Robson, 14th April—Swatow 13th April, General—Douglas, Lapraik & Co. |
| FLANDRIA, German steamer, 7,040, Diehs, 14th April—Shanghai 11th April, General—Siemssen & Co. |
| IDOMENEUS, British steamer, 4,298, J. Riley, 14th April—Shanghai 11th April, General—Butterfield & Swire. |
| CHARLES ROGIER, Belgian steamer, 1,291, C. Herfaut, 14th April—Saigon 9th April, Rice—Doddwell & Co., Ltd. |
| CHINA, German steamer, 1,110, P. Voss, 14th April—Bangkok 8th April, Rice—Harling & Co. |
| HOIHOW, French steamer, 534, Merices, 15th April—Pakhoi and Hoihow 14th April, General—A. R. Marty. |
| SZECHUEN, British steamer, 1,158, A. H. Hall, 15th April—Wuhu and Chinkiang 10th April, General—Butterfield & Swire. |
| WOSANG, British steamer, 1,127, R. Johns, 15th April—Wuhu 5th April, Rice—Jardine, Matheson & Co. |
| ZWEIGER, British steamer, 941, L. Ainsworth, 15th April—Saigon 11th April, General—Order. |
| JAGUAR, German gunboat, 900, Kinderling, 15th April—from Practice. |
| SUEVIA, German steamer, 5,000, Weigener, 15th April—Hamburg 27th Feb., and Singapore 9th April, General—Carlowitz & Co. |
| ARIAKE MARU, Japanese steamer, 2,193, T. Tasaka, 15th April—Kutchinotzu 10th April, Coal—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha. |
| ANDALUSIA, German steamer, 5,441, Ehlers, 15th April—Wilhelmshaven via Colombo 4th April. |
| LOONGSANG, British steamer, 1,092, G. S. Weigall, 15th April—Manila 12th April, Sugar—Jardine, Matheson & Co. |
| HUMBER, British steamer, 1,610, H. J. Davidson, 15th April—Canton 13th April. |

Clearances at the Harbour Office.

Hainan, German str., for Chetco.  
Ulysses, British str., for Shanghai.  
Petrarch, German str., for Manila.  
Patriot, British str., for Shanghai.  
Tantalus, British str., for Shanghai.  
Diamante, British str., for Manila.  
Taiko Maru, Japanese str., for Takao.  
Szechuen, British str., for Canton.  
Wong Maru, German str., for Yape.  
Taiko Maru, Japanese str., for Canton.  
Wong Maru, German str., for Canton.  
Flandria, German str., for Singapore.  
Idomeneus, British str., for Canton.  
La Rhone, French str., for Canton.  
Kongkang, British str., for Canton.  
Independent, German str., for Swatow.

Departures.

April 14, Hatching, British str., for Swatow.  
April 14, Wengchow, German str., for Yape.  
April 14, Charlerui, British str., for Amoy.  
April 14, Clara, German str., for Hoihow.  
April 14, Daijin Maru, Jap. str., for Swatow.  
April 14, Taihow, German str., for Swatow.  
April 15, Coromandel, British str., for Shanghai.  
April 15, Hentari, British str., for Swatow.  
April 15, Lalpoora, British str., for Amoy.  
April 15, Ariste, Austrian str., for Moji.  
April 15, Coliali, British battleship, for S'hai.  
April 15, Idomeneus, British str., for Singapore.  
April 15, Lizar, German gunboat, for Canton.  
April 15, Flavia Maru, Jap. str., for Canton.  
April 15, Wosang, British str., for Canton.

Passengers—Arrived.

Per *Pronto*, from Hoihow—14 Chinese, and 102 Chinese.  
Per *Marie Jensen*, from Saigon—Mr. Baner, and 102 Chinese.  
Per *Hailong*, from Haiphong, &c.—Messrs. Tower, Lawless, Francois, and 54 Chinese.  
Per *Coromandel*, from Hongkong from Bombay—Lieut. Bayley, From Marseilles—Misses Bell, Bridle, Messrs. Ingalls, McEwen, Rev. and Mrs. Phillips, and Miss Cusson. From London—Messrs. J. C. Valpy, A. King, Comdr. Orpen, Mr. Ralli Robertson, Mrs. Phacey and 3 children, Staff-Sergeant and Mrs. Chater, child and infant, Rank and File (9) Mrs. Burdett and infant, Sergt. and Mrs. Hawkins and infant, Messrs. Moore, Talbot, Hill, Sir R. T. and Lady Leech, and Miss Leech. From Colombo—Mr. A. J. Leech, Corp'l. J



## Mails.

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY).



## PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS.	DESTINATIONS.	SAILING DATES.
SANUKI MARU.....	MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.	FRIDAY, 19th April, at Daylight.
KASUGA MARU.....	NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	FRIDAY, 19th April, at Noon.
IZUMI MARU.....	VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE, U.S.A., via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	FRIDAY, 19th April, at 4 P.M.
HIROSHIMA MARU.....	MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	TUESDAY, 23rd April, at Noon.
SHINANO MARU.....	KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	FRIDAY, 26th April, at Daylight.
KAGOSHIMA MARU.....	BOMBAY, via SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.	FRIDAY, 26th April, at Noon.
YAWATA MARU.....	SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE.	FRIDAY, 26th April, at 4 P.M.

\* Through Passenger Tickets and Bills of Lading issued for the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada and Europe, in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY and Atlantic Steamers.

For further Information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &c., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office at Prince's Building, 1st Floor, Chater Road.

A. S. MIHARA, Manager.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1901.

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE.

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

## OSTASIATISCHER FRACHTDAMPFER DIENST.

(Taking Cargo at through Rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, LISBON, OPORTO, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS; NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS).

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS.	DESTINATIONS.	SAILING DATES.
ASTORIA.....	NEW YORK.	About 4th May.
Osternmann.....	(Via SUEZ CANAL).	Freight.

For further Particulars as to Freight, &amp;c., apply to

CARLOWITZ &amp; Co., Agents. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE, NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, OSTASIATISCHER FRACHTDAMPFER DIENST.

## TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, VIA INLAND SEA OF JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

AMERICA MARU (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Tuesday, 23rd April, at Noon.
HONGKONG MARU (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Thursday, 16th May, at Noon.
NIPPON MARU (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Tuesday, 11th June, at Noon.

## THE Twin Screw Steamship

"AMERICA MARU," will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, INLAND SEA, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on TUESDAY, the 23rd April, at Noon, taking Freight and Passengers for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Steamers of this line pass through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and call at HONOLULU, and Passengers are allowed to break their journey at any point en route.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers, and to the principal cities of the United States or Canada. Rates may be obtained on application.

Passengers holding through ORDERS TO EUROPE have the choice of Overland Rail routes from San Francisco including the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAYS; also the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY on payment of £4 in addition to the regular tariff rate.

Passengers holding orders for OVERLAND CITIES in the United States have between San Francisco and Chicago, the option of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and other direct connecting Railways and from Chicago to destination the choice of direct lines.

Particulars of the various routes can be had on application.

Special rates (first class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, to European officials in the service of China and Japan, and to Government officials and their families.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Ports of the United States, via Overland Railway, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco in the United States should be sent to the Company's Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, Queen's Building.

## U.S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

## VIA INLAND SEA OF JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

City of Peking (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Tuesday, 30th April, at Noon.
China (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Saturday, 25th May, at Noon.
S.S. "CITY OF PEKING" (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama & Honolulu)	Tuesday, 18th June, at Noon.

## THE U.S. Mail Steamship

"CITY OF PEKING," will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, INLAND SEA, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on TUESDAY, the 30th April, at Noon, taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Steamers of this line pass through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and call at Honolulu, and passengers are allowed to break their journey at any point en route.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers, and to the principal cities of the United States of Canada. Rates may be obtained on application.

Passengers holding through ORDERS TO EUROPE have the choice of Overland Rail Routes from San Francisco, including the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY on payment of £4 in addition to the regular tariff rate.

Passengers holding Orders for OVERLAND CITIES in the United States have between San Francisco and Chicago, the option of the SOUTHERN PACIFIC, CENTRAL PACIFIC, UNION PACIFIC, DENVER and RIO GRANDE, and other direct connecting Railways, and from Chicago to destination the choice of direct lines.

Particulars of the various routes can be had on application.

Special rates (first class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Service, to European officials in the service of China and Japan, and to Government officials and their families.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

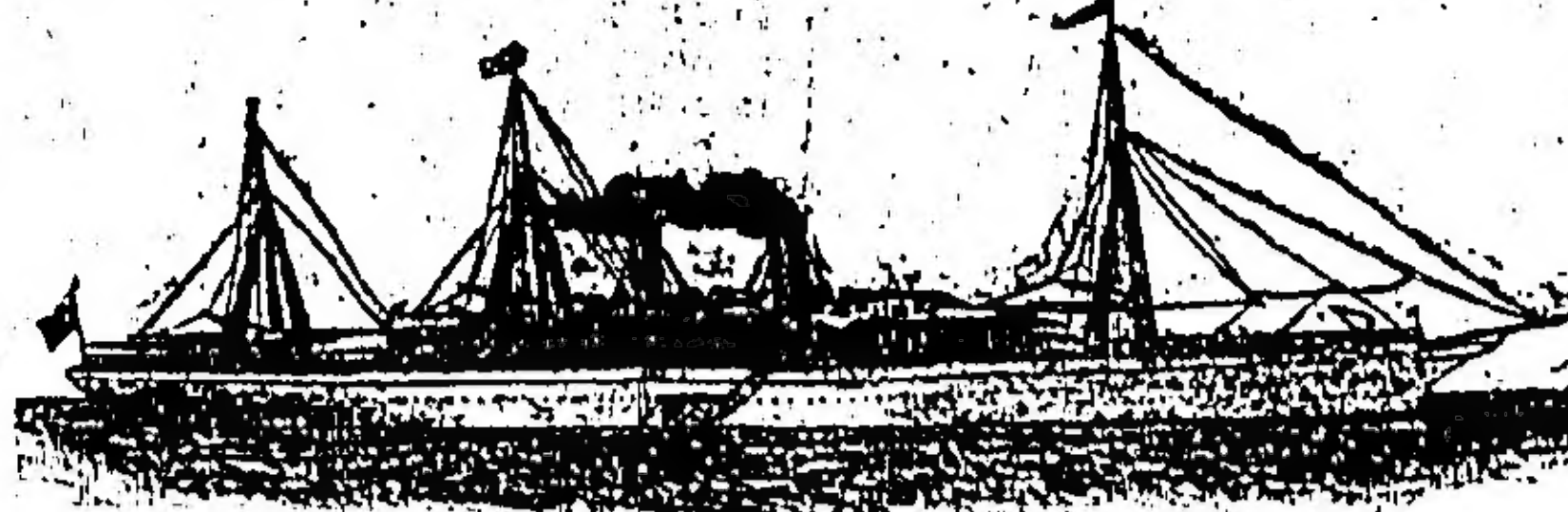
Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco, in the United States should be sent to the Company's Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, Queen's Building.

## Mails.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COY.'S ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.



## SAFETY. SPEED. PUNCTUALITY. THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN AND EUROPE, VIA CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

(CALLING AT SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VICTORIA, B.C.)  
Twin Screw Steamships—6,000 Tons—10,000 Horse Power—Speed 19 knots.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

EMPRESS OF INDIA...Comdr. O. P. Marshall, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 24th April.  
EMPRESS OF JAPAN...Comdr. H. Pybus, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 15th May.  
EMPRESS OF CHINA...Comdr. R. Archibald, R.N.R...WEDNESDAY, 5th June.

THE magnificent Twin-screw Steamships of this Line pass through the famous INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and usually make the voyage YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER (B.C.) in 12 DAYS, saving THREE DAYS to a WEEK in the Trans-Pacific journey, and make connection at Vancouver with the PALATIAL TRANS CONTINENTAL TRAINS of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY which leave daily, and cross the Continent FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE. Close connection is made at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, New York and Boston with all Trans-Atlantic Lines, which passengers to Great Britain and the Continent are given choice of.

Passengers Booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD. Return tickets to various points at reduced rates. Good for 4, 6, 9 and 12 months.

SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.

The attractive features of the Company's route embrace its PALATIAL STEAMSHIPS, (second in none in the World), the LUXURIANCE OF ITS TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS (the company having received the highest award for same at recent Chicago World's Exhibition), and the diversity of MAGNIFICENT MOUNTAIN AND LAKE SCENERY through which the Railway passes.

THE DINING CARS and MOUNTAIN HOTELS of this route are owned and operated by the Company, and their appointments and Cuisine are unexcelled.

For further information, Maps, Guide, Books, Rates of Passage, &c., apply to D. E. BROWN, General Agent, Peddler's Street.

Hongkong, 3rd April, 1901.

## OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA AND EUROPE;

THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.

VIA INLAND SEA OF JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Gaelic (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama and Honolulu)	Tuesday, 7th May, at Noon.
Doric (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama and Honolulu)	Saturday, 1st June, at Noon.
Coptic (via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Inland Sea, Yokohama and Honolulu)	Thursday, 27th June, at Noon.

## THE Company's Steamship

"GAELIC," will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, INLAND SEA, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on TUESDAY, the 7th May, at Noon.

Steamers of this line pass through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and call at Honolulu, and passengers are allowed to break their journey at any point en route.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers, and to the principal cities of the United States or Canada. Rates, and particulars of the various Routes may be obtained upon application.

Special rates (first-class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, to European officials in the service of China and Japan, and to Government officials and their families.

Passengers who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year, will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. This allowance does not apply to through fares for China and Japan to Europe.

All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to address in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office until FIVE P.M. the day previous to sailing.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo, destined to points beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Office, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, Queen's Building.

GEORGE ECKLEY, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1901.

## CALIFORNIA AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ATCHESON TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILROAD CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG TO SAN DIEGO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA OF JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

Taking Cargo and Passengers to JAPAN PORTS, and HONOLULU, THE UNITED STATES, &c.

Straitghyle... about April 20

## THE Steamship

"STRAIGHTHYLE," will be despatched for SAN DIEGO and SAN FRANCISCO, via MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on or about SATURDAY, the 20th instant.

Through Bills of Lading issued to any point in the United States.

Cargo will be received on board until 5 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel packages will be received at the OFFICE until the same time. All parcels should be marked to address in full. Value of same is required.

Consular Invoices, to accompany cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco, in the United States should be sent to the Company's Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Diego.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

## NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA, IN CONNECTION WITH NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	Proposed Sailings.
Olympia	2,837	J. Truebridge	April 26
Duke of Fife	3,821	J. S. Cox	May 7
Tacoma	2,811	A. Dixon	May 17
Victoria	3,502	J. Pantan	May 28

THE attention of Passengers is directed to the very cheap rates offered by this line to the PACIFIC COAST and to the INTERIOR and EASTERN CITIES of the UNITED STATES and to EUROPE.

HONGKONG TO LONDON £52.

Excellent accommodation. First-class Table.

Passengers to EUROPE may proceed by one of the first class ATLANTIC MAIL LINES.

HONGKONG TO NEW YORK £48.

The Railroad travelling is second to none on the American Continent; two trans-continental trains daily from TACOMA. DINING CAR is attached to trans-continental trains day and night. TACOMA to NEW YORK in 4 days.

Magnificent SCENERY of the ROCKY and CASCADE MOUNTAINS. THE YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK route.

HONGKONG, TO VICTORIA, TACOMA £35.

The best route to the KLONDYKE GOLD FIELDS. Frequent sailings from VICTORIA, TACOMA to DYER and ST. MICHAEL.

Rates of Passage to other points on application.

Special rates allowed to members of Government Services.

For further information as to Passage or Freight, apply to DODWELL & Co., LIMITED, General Agents.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

## THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

## STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, CONTINENTAL AND AMERICAN PORTS).

## THE Steamship

"SOBRON," Captain L. M. Wilmer, R.N.R., carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for MARSEILLES and LONDON, on SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

All Cargo for Marcellies and London, will be conveyed direct without transhipment.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and value of all Packages are required.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Bills of Lading.

For further Particulars, apply to H. A. RITCHIE, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1901.

## NOTICE.

## NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS.

Neither the CAPTAIN, the AGENTS, nor the OWNERS will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crews of the following Vessel during her stay in Hongkong Harbour—

ADOLPH OBRIG, American ship, Amesbury.

Standard Oil Co.

SEA WITCH, American ship, Howes.

HATTIE C. SMITH, American schooner, Riley.

Notice.

## Shipping—Steamers.

## CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR.	STEAMERS.	TO SAIL.
FOOCHOW.....	"HUNAN".....	19th instant.
PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.....	"TSINAN".....	13rd instant.
MANILA.....	"TSINAN".....	23rd instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, AGENTS.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1901.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. OUTWARDS.

FROM.	STEAMERS.	TO SAIL.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL.....	"CALOHA".....	19th April.
"	"DARDANUS".....	2nd May.

## HOMEWARDS.

FOR.	STEAMERS.	TO SAIL.
LONDON.....	"IDOMENEUS".....	16th April.
" VIA MANILA.....	"AGAMEMNON".....	19th April.
"	"AJAX".....	30th April.
"	"ANTENOR".....	14th May.
LIVERPOOL (DIRECT).....	"TANTALUS".....	15th May.
(Taking Cargo at LONDON RATES).....	"PYRHEUS".....	15th May.

S.S. "ULYSSES" arrived this Morning from GLASGOW, and will sail for SHANGHAI and JAPAN, THIS EVENING, the 15th instant.

For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, Agents, O. &amp; S. Co.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1901.

## THE OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

## FOR TAKAO.

## THE Company's Steamship

"TAITO MARU," Captain S. Hirai, will be despatched as above on or about MONDAY, the 15th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1901.

## AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

## STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, FIUME AND TRIESTE.

(Taking Cargo at through Rates to the BRAZILS, to SOUTH AFRICA, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS).

## THE Company's Steamship

"TRIESTE," Captain Mitis, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 16th instant, P.M.

Silk and Valuables are transhipped on arrival at Bombay into an accelerated liner.

For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to

SANDER, WIELER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1901.

## IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

## STEAM FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, HIOGO AND YOKOHAMA.

## THE Imperial German Mail Steamship

"PRINZ HEINRICH," of the NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Captain R. Heintze, due here with the outward German Mail about TUESDAY EVENING, the 16th instant, will leave for the above Places about 24 hours after arrival.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1901.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

## FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

## THE Company's Steamship

"CHELYDRA," Captain Cox, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1901.

## AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

## STEAM TO YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

## THE Company's Steamship

"GISELA," Captain Mosca, will leave for the above ports, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SANDER, WIELER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1901.

## FOR NEW YORK VIA PORTS AND SUZ CANAL.

## THE Steamship

With Liberty to call at MANILA.

"RICHMOND CASTLE," will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 20th instant, and will be followed by the S.S. "PATHEAN," "FERDENE" and "LOWTHER CASTLE."

For Freight, apply to DODWELL & Co., LIMITED, Agents.







## VISITORS AT THE HONGKONG

(April 13/17).

## VISITORS AT THE HONGKONG

Matheson

CONFIDENTIAL

**VESSELS IN PORT**

HANGCHOW British steamer, see J.

\*AISHUN, American steamer, 1,216, Patt  
8th April. Shanghai and A. 11, 12

Oil.—Standard Oil Co.  
MERCURY, German schooner, 52. Warner.

Comdr. E. D. Hunt, Singapore.  
*Thusa*, 2nd-class cruiser, 3,400 tons, 10 guns.

12 guns, Capt. E. H. Bayly, C.B., Singapore.

11-11-11

Comdr. C. P. Beaty-Pownall, *Tamar*; receiving ship, 4,600 tons.

*Maria Theresa*, Austrian cruiser.

screw, 18 guns, 3,500 h.p., Capt. S  
nikoff at Taku.

gun, 9,000 h.p. Capt. Yenish, at *Novarduk*. Russian cruiser, 10,000

-, AF RLE 13, 190

guns, Capt. Paschen, at  
*Hela*, German despatch-ves

\*\*\* Flagship of Rear-Admiral

8,000 h.p., Capt. Aubin, a  
Kerriat and class cruiser

Surprise, gunboat, 700 tons, to  
Capt. Marmist, at Manila.

1. *Chlorophyll content* was determined by the method of Arar and Cook (1987) using a spectrophotometer (Shimadzu 1601) at 663 nm and 646 nm. The absorbance of the chlorophyll extract was measured at 663 nm and 646 nm. The chlorophyll content was calculated using the following formula:

2,000 tons. 12

Geissler. Von.  
Sun Chow, Chinese str

the 10th instant, at 11 A.  
For Macao—Per *Heur*

For Takao—Per. *Tate*  
day, the 17th instant, at

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

er, 1,425, J. Dick,—

er—Ab Von

han, to-morrow, the

Maru, on Wednes.  
M.

to-morrow, the  
 hopping—Per *Akahiki*  
 inst., at 5 P.M.  
 via Tuticorin—Per  
 y, the 17th inst., at  
 and Bombay—Per  
 e 17th inst., at  
 and Calcutta—Per  
 8th inst., at 11 A.M.  
 anen, on Thursday,  
 ng, on Friday, the  
 n, on Friday, the  
 —Per *Gisela*, on  
 3 P.M.  
 ia Tuticorin—Per  
 2nd inst., at 11  
 Kobe, Yokohama,  
 nco—Per *America*,  
 inst., at 11 A.M.  
 Thursday Island,  
 anae, Sydney and  
 Tuesday, the 2nd